

## **Environmental Investing: The Most Influential Academicians**

### **Daron Acemoglu, the Elizabeth and James Killian Professor of Economics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, USA**

Dr. Acemoglu teaches and writes about climate change and technology. His groundbreaking research in environmental economics includes developing climate models and examining technological innovation. He also studies economic development and growth, human capital and training, political economy, and network economics. In his work, he has shown how directing technological changes generated by the market toward cleaner technologies and away from fossil-fuel-dependent ones can lead to effective climate-change intervention. Dr. Acemoglu is the co-author with James Robinson of the award-winning book *Why Nations Fail: Origins of Power, Poverty and Prosperity*, in which the authors examine the history of political and economic institutions that underlie economic success or failure.

### **Michael Adams, Distinguished Research Professor, Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Franklin College, University of Georgia, USA**

Dr. Adams, along with Robert Kelly, a chemical engineer at North Carolina State University, and other researchers have engineered a strain of *Pyrococcus* (a microorganism that normally lives in near-boiling-point hot springs) to make a compound called 3-hydroxypropionic acid from carbon dioxide and hydrogen (the latter of which can be produced via electricity or other environmentally friendly methods). This work “can be expanded to produce important organic chemicals, all through biological activation of carbon dioxide.” Dr. Adams’s research encompasses the physiology, metabolism, enzymology, bioinorganic chemistry, and functional and structural genomics of anaerobic microorganisms, particularly archaea and the so-called hyperthermophiles (those growing in an environment with temperatures that are near or higher than 100°C).

### **Peter Adriaens, Professor of Civil and Environmental Engineering and Professor of Entrepreneurship and Strategy in the Ross School of Business, University of Michigan; CleanTech Entrepreneurship Strategy, USA**

Dr. Adriaens teaches courses on sustainable finance and cleantech venture assessment. As a speaker and writer on the potential of clean technologies, he demonstrates his interest in the environment at the confluence of science and

business. He is also the founder of Global CleanTech LLC, a consulting business and executive education firm concerned with global cleantech (particularly pertaining to water and energy) in relation to economic growth and development, and is director of Asian Operations at LimnoTech, an environmental services firm focused on the nexus of energy and water issues in the United States and China.

**\*Rachel Armstrong, Co-Director of Advanced Virtual and Technological Architectural Research (AVATAR), specializing in Architecture & Synthetic Biology at the School of Architecture and Construction, University of Greenwich, London, UK**

Dr. Armstrong is a sustainability innovator who investigates a new approach to building materials called “living architecture,” a concept that suggests it is possible for our buildings to share some of the properties of living systems. She works collaboratively across disciplines to build and develop prototypes that embody her approach. She is also a 2010 TED Senior Fellow; visiting research assistant at the Center for Fundamental Living Technology, Department of Physics and Chemistry, University of Southern Denmark; and director of the Institute for Interstellar Studies for Development and Sustainability. *Learn more about Dr. Armstrong’s work on page 50.*

**Vicki Arroyo, Executive Director of the Georgetown Climate Center; Assistant Dean of Centers and Institutes; and Director of the Environmental Law Program at Georgetown Law; Georgetown University, USA**

Lawyer Vicki Arroyo oversees the Georgetown Climate Center’s work at the nexus of climate and energy policy by supervising staff and student work on climate mitigation and adaptation at the state and federal level. She teaches “experiential” environmental law courses to both law and public policy students. She previously served at the Pew Center on Global Climate Change, most recently as the Pew Center’s vice president for Domestic Policy and General Counsel. For over a decade, she directed the Pew Center’s policy analysis, science, adaptation, economics, and domestic policy programs. Ms. Arroyo uses environmental law and her background in biology and ecology to help prepare for global climate change. She works on climate mitigation and adaptation policies as viable solutions to climate change’s inevitable disruptions to current practices. Using the best available science, Arroyo collaborates with U.S. policymakers at both the state and federal level to develop “planetary management” strategies. She has recently served on California’s Economics and Allocation Advisory Committee and worked with the National Center for Atmospheric Research (NCAR).

**Jill Atkins, Professor of Accounting and Financial Management; Head of Accounting and Financial Management Group; Director of the Governance, Accountability and Responsible Investment Research Centre (GARI); Director of Research—BISA, Henley Business School, University of Reading, UK**

Dr. Atkins's primary research focus is on the overarching area of corporate governance and includes institutional investor engagement and dialogue, responsible investment, stakeholder accountability, integrated reporting, pension fund governance, and sustainability issues in accounting and finance. She is the co-author of *Private Climate Change Reporting: A Discourse of Risk and Opportunity?* and author of a best-selling textbook, *Corporate Governance and Accountability*. She lectures mainly on corporate governance, accountability, and ethics.

**Edward B. Barbier, John S Bugas Professor of Economics, Department of Economics and Finance, University of Wyoming, USA**

As an environmental and resource economist with more than 20 years of experience, Dr. Barbier works on the economics of natural resource and development issues. He also studies the interface between economics and ecology. He has served as a consultant and policy analyst for a variety of national, international, and nongovernmental agencies, including many UN organizations, the Office of Economic Development, and the World Bank. His applied work has focused particularly on issues of land degradation, wildlife management, trade and natural resources, coastal and wetland use, tropical deforestation, biological invasions, and biodiversity loss.

**James Barnard, Research Scientist; Global Practice and Technology Leader for Black and Veatch Corporation, USA; former Senior Chief Research Officer at the National Institute of Water Research, South Africa**

Dr. James L. Barnard is recognized internationally as the "Father of Biological Nutrient Removal" for developing the first successful biological treatment process for the removal of phosphorus and nitrogen from wastewater. The biological nutrient removal (BNR) processes he developed are the basis for all biological and nutrient removal configurations in use today. He first conceived of the idea while working with water quality challenges in South Africa and arid Namibia in the 1970s. From then on, he has been engaged in water resource engineering and has designed over 100 innovative installations throughout the world by successfully adapting the BNR principles to suit different climates, environmental limitations,

locations, and water infrastructures in both developing and industrialized countries. In 2007, Dr. Barnard was awarded the Clarke Prize in recognition for his development of the BNR process and his many contributions to the advancement of water-quality science. In 2011, he received the Lee Kuan Yew Water Prize in Singapore for his work in recycling used water.

**Alexander Bassen, Professor of Capital Markets and Management at the University of Hamburg, Faculty of Business, Economics and Social Science, Germany**

In addition to his teaching and research, Dr. Bassen is a member of Germany's Council for Sustainable Development before the Federal Cabinet. The group advises Germany's federal government on the implementation and continuing development of the national sustainability strategy and is intended to effectively spread the topic of "sustainability" to the general public. Dr. Bassen is also a principal investigator at the Cluster of Excellence for Climate Research (CliSAP); a participant in the Network for Sustainable Financial Markets; and a member of Hamburg's "Center for a Sustainable University," which, as an interdisciplinary academic platform, develops and tests new concepts and new approaches to questions of sustainability. Its primary goal is to firmly anchor the concept of sustainability at the University of Hamburg, in both research and education.

**Rob Bauer, Professor of Institutional Investors, Maastricht University, School of Business and Economics, The Netherlands**

Dr. Bauer's academic research is focused on pension funds, strategic investment policy, mutual fund performance, responsible investing, shareholder activism, and corporate governance. His research into the field of sustainability and corporate governance resulted in the establishment of a new research institute, the European Centre for Corporate Engagement (ECCE). The purpose of the ECCE is to focus research on sustainable finance and responsible investing through the relationship between extra-financial information and the financial performance of companies and investors in those companies. In addition, he is founder and managing director of Rob Bauer Consultants BV, an investment consultancy firm for which he advises and supports institutional investors on topics related to strategic investments. He is also an associate director at the International Centre for Pension Management (ICPM) at the Rotman School of Management, University of Toronto, Canada.

**Angela Belcher, W.M. Keck Professor of Energy, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, USA**

At her Biomolecular Materials Group at MIT, Dr. Belcher's research focus is on biomaterials, biomolecular materials, and organic-inorganic interfaces. The group is "evolving simple organisms using directed evolution to work with the elements in the rest of the periodic table. We encourage these organisms to grow and assemble technologically important materials and devices for energy, the environment, and medicine. These hybrid organic-inorganic electronic and magnetic materials have been used in applications as varied as solar cells, batteries, medical diagnostics and basic single molecule interactions related to disease." The research is highly interdisciplinary and brings together the fields of inorganic chemistry, materials chemistry, biochemistry, molecular biology, and electrical engineering. The focus of her research is on understanding and using the process by which nature makes materials in order to design new hybrid organic-inorganic materials. Professor Belcher founded Cambrios Technologies, a Cambridge-based startup focused on applying her work with natural biological systems to the manufacture and assembly of electronic, magnetic, and other commercially important materials. She is a TED Fellow, a recipient of a US\$500,000 Lemelson-MIT Prize honoring mid-career scientists who have an impact on society, and a MacArthur Fellow.

**Andrew Benedek, Executive Chairman and Chief Technology Officer for Anaergia Inc.; former Professor of Chemical and Civil Engineering at McMaster University, Ontario, Canada**

A highly respected international authority in the field of water and wastewater treatment technology, Dr. Benedek pioneered the development of low-pressure membranes in water treatment. He has over 30 years of experience in developing technology for wastewater treatment and is actively involved in the development and management of technology that is related to biogas and the recovery of other values from waste organics. A professor of Chemical and Civil Engineering, specializing in water treatment at McMaster University in Hamilton, Ontario, for 10 years, he then founded and led ZENON Environmental Inc. in 1980. Important membrane technologies used for water and wastewater treatment were developed at ZENON. Dr. Benedek was awarded the prestigious Stockholm Water Industry award in 2003 and the Lee Kuan Yew Water Prize in 2008. He is recognized by his colleagues as a visionary engineer, global leader, and philanthropist.

**Eric Berlow, Co-Founder of Vibrant Data Labs; Research Scientist, USA**

An ecologist and network scientist, Dr. Berlow “specializes in not specializing.” He characterizes his work as focusing on three broad themes: ecology and network theory, data storytelling, and making the complex simple. A TED Senior Fellow, Berlow is recognized for his creative approaches to complex problems, particularly in his research on food webs and ecological networks. He was the founding director of the University of California’s first environmental science center inside Yosemite National Park, where he continues to develop data-driven approaches to managing natural ecosystems with the USGS Yosemite Field Station. He also pursues research with the Pacific Ecoinformatics and Computational Ecology Laboratory. In 2012, Berlow co-founded Vibrant Data Labs to build tools that help people ask better questions with data. He often works collaboratively with network theorists, computer scientists, and other researchers and field ecologists. He advocates for and practices using a combination of approaches to better understand the broader ecological impacts of biodiversity loss and species invasions.

**Richard A. Betts, Head of Climate Impacts at Met Office; Chair in Climate Impacts at the University of Exeter, UK**

As a lead author of the IPCC 5th Assessment Report in Working Group 2 (*Impacts, Adaptation and Vulnerability*), Dr. Betts was responsible for assessing the impacts of climate change on terrestrial ecosystems. At the Met Office, the national weather service of the United Kingdom, Dr. Betts leads the Climate Impacts area, specializing in the interactions among ecosystems, hydrology, and climate, and overseeing work on climate’s influences on urban, health, industry, and finance issues. He has worked in climate modeling since 1992, with a particular interest in the effects of climate change on ecosystems and water resources. He also studies the wide-ranging effects of land-use and land-cover changes on climate. He has pioneered a number of key developments in the extension of climate models to include biological processes. He leads the EU Framework 7 Project HELIX (High-End Climate Impacts and Extremes), which assesses the impacts of climate change at 2°, 4°, and 6°C global warming above the pre-industrial state.

**Willem Brandenburg, Research Scientist, Plant Science Group, Wageningen University, The Netherlands**

As a research scientist, Dr. Brandenburg works in biosaline agriculture. His latest work focuses on how to reclaim nutrients from the sea. “I want to test in practice how weeds are cultivated,” says Brandenburg. “We want to grow sea lettuce at a

test location in the Oosterschelde. Short term, this will produce sustainable food for the fish and mussel cultivation. In ten years, it will lead to sea farms where sustainable sources of protein are produced for human consumption.” His goals for this project are to contribute to global food production and to help prevent the depletion of direly needed phosphates, all while advancing the Netherlands’ technological edge. “Currently more phosphates flow into the sea than can be extracted from the mines. And that while the global phosphate supply is so limited. If we continue to travel along this road, then all of our phosphate supplies will have washed into the sea within a century’s time. Gone forever.” Through their seaweed cultivation plan, Dr. Brandenburg and his group plan to reclaim invaluable micronutrients in addition to phosphate.

**Klaas van Breugel, Professor; Program Leader for the Materials Science and Sustainable Construction Programme, Delft University of Technology, The Netherlands**

Dr. van Breugel is the program leader for the Materials Science and Sustainable Construction Programme, which works to develop materials and structures that have the potential to improve the quality of the environment. The research focuses mainly on concrete, a porous material that is perfectly suited to interact with the environment, to clean it, and to serve as a barrier to noise and as a substrate for air-cleaning vegetation. In addition, the group conducts research in the socio-cultural, economic, and policy aspects of sustainable building and living.

**Richard Brutchey, Associate Professor of Chemistry, University of Southern California, USA**

Dr. Brutchey and his research group work in nanotechnology, including the development of semiconductor nanocrystals for solar cells. They’ve created a stable, electricity-conducting liquid filled with solar-collecting nanocrystals, which can be painted or printed like an ink onto surfaces such as window glass or plastic roof panels. The group has devised a way to kinetically access semiconductor nanocrystals with unusual crystal structures, non-stoichiometric compositions, and unique morphologies. They use these semiconductor nanocrystals to fabricate hybrid inorganic/organic solar cells. These systems offer promising alternatives to cadmium-containing II-VI solar cells, which are environmentally toxic. The Brutchey Group is also working with nanocrystals that can be incorporated into polymer nanocomposites to make high-energy density capacitors for energy storage applications.

**Cees Buisman, Professor in Biologically Sustainable Technology at Wageningen University; the Scientific Director of Wetsus, The Netherlands**

Since 2003, Dr. Buisman has been a professor in the sub-department of Environmental Technology at Wageningen University in the field of biological reuse and recovery technology. His work focuses on devising technology that can improve the existing water purification systems in order to remove phosphate (a nutrient), nitrogen (a nutrient), copper (a poisonous compound), and zinc (a poisonous compound) from wastewater. One focus of his research has been to develop a method for recycling phosphate that does not require an auxiliary substance. His research team has discovered a way to recover phosphate from wastewater without using chemicals, thus making it possible to reuse this increasingly scarce substance as a plant fertilizer. Dr. Buisman is also an executive board member at Wetsus, an organization that focuses on creating sustainable water technologies.

**Richard T. Carson, Professor in, and former Chair of, the Department of Economics at University of California, San Diego, USA**

Dr. Carson's fields of research are environmental and resource economics, including environmental valuation, climate change, environment and developments, and fisheries. He has worked at assessing the benefits and costs of environmental policies, with a specialty in valuing non-marketed goods and new commercial products. Dr. Carlson has also estimated the benefits of the U.S. Clean Water Act, the removal of low-level carcinogens from drinking water, the protection of groundwater aquifers, the economic impacts associated with fisheries' management practices, and the health and visibility improvements due to air quality changes. He writes extensively on environmental and economic issues and has been named the most cited environmental economist in the world.

**Marco J. Castaldi, Associate Professor, Chemical Engineering, City College of New York/CUNY, USA**

Professor Marco J. Castaldi's main research interests are in combustion, gasification, and catalytic reaction engineering, and in waste to energy processes. He directs the Combustion and Catalysis Lab. The lab's main focus is the thermal and catalytic conversion of carbon-based material to desired products. For example, municipal solid waste and biomass can be converted to synthetic fuels, liquid fuels to hydrogen, and greenhouse gases (carbon-based) to fuels. He has 11 patents in the fields of catalysis, combustion, and gasification and has won numerous awards, given many keynote lectures, and published dozens of articles.

**Guang-hao Chen, Professor of Civil and Environmental Engineering, Hong Kong University of Science and Technology (HKUST); Associate Director of HKUST Institute for the Environment (IENV), Hong Kong**

Dr. Chen's research interests include sustainable sewage treatment systems; sludge minimization in bio-treatment; sewer process modeling; MBR process optimization; and low-cost and compact wastewater treatment technology. Dr. Chen led a team in making use of saline water as an alternative water resource in project partnerships with various NGOs, universities, and other organizations. The research team leveraged Hong Kong's unique seawater flushing system to develop a novel, energy-efficient, and low-carbon sewage treatment technology. The HKUST team was also invited by the UNESCO-IHE Institute of Water Education to join a four-year research project to develop this environmentally friendly and economically viable practice. Its findings, co-published at an IWA-hosted magazine, *Water21*, are especially valuable for countries hard-hit by clean water scarcity, such as Cuba. He and his research team are responsible for inventing and developing about 12 patented unique wastewater-sanitary treatment processes.

**Hongzheng Chen, Professor of Chemistry, Department of Polymer Science and Engineering, Zhejiang University, China**

Dr. Hongzheng Chen's research interests focus on organic (organic/inorganic) optoelectronic materials for photovoltaic, photodetector, and biosensor applications. The objective of her work is to develop advanced organic (organic/inorganic) optoelectronic materials by tailoring molecular structures and aggregations, to construct new optoelectronic devices, and to achieve a fundamental understanding of optical and electronic processes in organic semiconductors. Professor Hongzheng Chen is also a Global School for Advanced Studies (GSAS) Fellow, where she participated in the 2012 session on organic solar cells.

**Stephen Chou, Joseph C. Elgin Professor of Engineering and the head of the NanoStructure Laboratory at Princeton University, USA**

Dr. Chou and his team have significantly improved the efficiency of solar cells by creating a nanostructured metal and plastic sandwich-like plasmonic cavity with sub-wavelength hole array. The cells are also cost-effective because they can be manufactured in sheets through a nanolithography process developed by Dr. Chou. This process embosses the nanostructures over a large area, similar to the way newspapers are printed. Chou's group, the NanoStructure Laboratory (NSL) has

two primary missions: to develop new nanotechnologies for fabricating structures substantially smaller, better, and cheaper than current technology permits; and to explore innovative nanodevices and advanced materials in electronics, optics, optoelectronics, magnetics, and biology, by combining cutting-edge nanotechnology with frontier knowledge from different disciplines.

**Gordon Clark, Director of the Smith School of Enterprise and the Environment with cross-appointments in the Saïd Business School and the School of Geography and the Environment at Oxford University; Fellow of St Edmund Hall, Oxford, UK; Sir Louis Matheson Distinguished Visiting Professor, Faculty of Business and Economics, Monash University, Melbourne, Australia**

An economic geographer, Professor Clark is interested in the responsibilities and behavior of investors engaged in long-term sustainable investment. This work has involved research on the proxy-voting behavior at institutions; corporate engagement strategies, given concerns about environmental liabilities and the sensitivity of firms to brand image and reputation; the regulation of corporate disclosure on issues related to environment and social responsibility; and the governance of investment institutions that have an explicit long-term mandate. His current research focuses on the governance of investment decision-making in the context of market volatility and long-term obligations. In part, this project has developed in collaboration with Oxford colleagues and graduate students as well as the UNPRI, Mercer, the Telos Project, Towers Watson, and the project led by Professor Tessa Hebb at Carleton University (Ottawa) that is funded by the Social Science and Humanities Research Council of Canada.

**Corrado Clini, Chair of the Global Bioenergy Partnership; former Director General of the Italian Ministry of Environment, Land and Sea, Italy**

Dr. Clini is the former director general of the Italian Ministry for the Environment, Land, and Sea. He actively engaged in the ministry's mission to respond to climate change, ozone-layer protection, sustainable development, and international cooperation for protection of the global environment. He has also been a visiting professor at the Department for Environmental Sciences and Engineering of Tsinghua University (Beijing) and at Harvard's Kennedy School of Government. He is currently the chair of the Global Bioenergy Partnership and project leader of national and international cooperation programs on environment, energy, and sustainable development. He is also chair of the National Sustainable Development Strategy and of the Task Force for the implementation of the Kyoto Protocol in Italy. He trained as a medical doctor and holds degrees in hygiene and health.

**Suani Teixeira Coelho, Energy Researcher; Coordinator of the Brazilian Reference Center on Biomass, Electrotechnics, and Energy Institute at the University of São Paulo, Brazil**

As a chemical engineer, Dr. Coelho researches energy production from biomass. Her work includes the coordination of technical, economic, environmental and institutional studies on using biomass for energy with Brazilian and foreign institutions, including federal and state government. She served as a member of the UN Secretary General's Advisory Group on Energy and Climate Change and the International Renewable Energy Agency (IRENA), whose task focused on the integration of bioenergy as an efficient energy resource. Dr. Coelho works at the Brazilian Reference Center on Biomass (CENBIO/IEE/USP), founded in 1996, with a group of research scientists in bioenergy located at the University of São Paulo, in the Institute of Electrotechnics and Energy. CENBIO/IEE/USP was established with the main goal of promoting the development of research activities and the disclosure of scientific, technologic, and economic information to make feasible the use of biomass as an efficient energy source in Brazil.

**Robert Costanza, Chair in Public Policy at Crawford School of Public Policy at Australian National University, Australia**

Dr. Costanza's transdisciplinary research integrates the study of humans and the rest of nature to address research, policy, and management issues. This work focuses on the intersection of economic and ecological systems at multiple time and space scales, from small watersheds to the global system. His work includes landscape-level spatial simulation modeling; systems ecology, ecological economics, landscape ecology, ecological modeling, ecological design, energy analysis, environmental policy, social traps, incentive structures, and institutions. Dr. Costanza is co-founder and past-president of the International Society for Ecological Economics, and is recognized as a global expert on economic and ecological issues, about which he has published a wealth of articles and books.

**Debabrata Das, Professor, Biotechnology; Professor-in-Charge, PK Sinha Centre for Bio-Energy, Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur (IITK), India**

Dr. Das works in biohydrogen production processes, CO<sub>2</sub> sequestration for algae cultivation, and microbial fuel cell research. As the principal investigator at IITK's Bioprocess Engineering Laboratory, he and the research team recently completed an integrated multidisciplinary project that used solar energy for the production of renewable hydrogen combined with CO<sub>2</sub> capture to address global warming and

energy production. Professor Das has more than 25 years of experience working on biological gaseous energy-recovery systems. He has pioneered the promising research and development of a biohydrogen production process by applying fermentation technology, which is a major area of green technology. Dr. Das and his team hope to develop a commercially competitive and environmentally benign bioprocess hydrogen fuel. This work began with the isolation and characterization of high-yielding hydrogen producing bacterial strain *Enterobacter cloacae* IIT-BT 08, which, as of today, is known to be the highest producer of hydrogen by fermentation. His other major contribution in the field of biohydrogen research was the molecular characterization of the Hydrogenase-coded gene.

**Jonathan Davis, Lead Researcher for Taylor Resources, Inc.; Affiliate Associate Professor at the University of Washington, School of Fishery and Aquatic Sciences, USA**

Jonathan Davis has engaged in shellfish research and aquaculture for over 30 years on both U.S. coasts and for international sites. He was a finalist in the 2013 Paul G. Allen Ocean Challenge for the proposal, “Cultivating Seaweed to Mitigate Ocean Acidification, and Generate Habitat, Fertilizer, Food, and Fuel.” As the lead researcher at Taylor Resources, he focuses mainly on broodstock genetics, nutrition, and sustainable culture methods. As an affiliate assistant professor at the School of Fishery and Aquatic Sciences (University of Washington), Dr. Davis works closely with the university’s researchers on similar issues. He assists in restoration ecology projects for native oysters and pinto abalone with the Puget Sound Restoration Fund and on a number of research projects about the environmental effects of shellfish culture with the Pacific Shellfish Institute. He also owns and operates his family’s small clam and oyster farm.

**Faye Duchin, Professor of Economics, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, USA**

Dr. Duchin researches ways of achieving economic development while avoiding environmental disasters. She analyzes alternative scenarios about the future by using mathematical models of individual economies and the world economy. In her most recent work, she has focused on future demands for land and fresh water, particularly for the production of food. Dr. Duchin believes that a sustainable development research agenda requires cross-disciplinary collaborations that engage not only the policy community and corporate decision-makers, but also, and mainly, civil society. She is also active in the integration of input-output economics with industrial ecology, rooted in engineering, and with social science approaches to sustainable consumption.

**Mike Dunne, Director for Laser Fusion Energy, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, USA**

Dr. Dunne's role includes leadership of LIFE, which is designed to build on the National Ignition Facility (NIF) demonstration of ignition in order to deliver electrical power for the United States at the gigawatt scale. NIF has 92 laser beams that are capable of delivering nearly two million joules of ultraviolet laser energy in billionth-of-a-second pulses. It serves as a preeminent facility for conducting fusion energy research and for studying matter at extreme densities and temperatures. The goal for LIFE is to deliver a safe, secure, carbon-free, affordable, sustainable, and enduring supply of base-load electricity to people throughout the world. Professor Dunne previously led the European laser fusion program, HiPER—a consortium of 26 institutions across 10 countries. He was also Director of the UK's Central Laser Facility and a visiting professor at Imperial College London, where he obtained his Ph.D. in Plasma Physics.

**Peter Eisenberger, Professor of Earth and Environmental Sciences at Columbia University, USA**

For over 30 years, Dr. Eisenberger has worked in the applied sciences, focusing his research on the microscopic understanding of materials. Eisenberger, a physicist, is also a co-founder and managing director of Global Thermostat, a group of experts united to support the development and commercialization of a technology for the direct capture of carbon dioxide from the atmosphere and other sources. Its unique process co-generates carbon capture and power. He is a fellow of both the American Physical Society and the American Association for the Advancement of Science. Dr. Eisenberger was one of the authors of the National Action Plan for Materials Science and Engineering, and a member of the Commission on the Future of the National Science Foundation (NSF).

**Paul Ekins, Director of UCL Institute for Sustainable Resources; Professor of Resources and Environment Policy, University College, London, UK**

Dr. Ekins's academic work focuses on the conditions and policies that lead to achieving an environmentally sustainable economy. He is an authority on a number of areas of energy-environment-economy (E3) interaction and environmental policy, including: sustainable development assessment methodologies; resource productivity; sustainable energy use; E3 modeling and scenarios; the adjustment of national accounts to in consideration of environmental impacts; environmental economic instruments and ecological tax reform;

sustainable consumption; and environment and trade. He is a member of United Nations Environment Programme's International Resource Panel; a fellow of the Energy Institute; a senior consultant to Cambridge Econometrics; and a co-director of the UK Energy Research Centre, in charge of its energy systems and modeling theme. He also leads UCL's participation in the EPSRC SUPERGEN, a consortium on hydrogen fuel cells and bioenergy research.

**Kerry Emanuel, Cecil & Ida Green Professor of Atmospheric Science,  
Massachusetts Institute of Technology, USA**

Dr. Emanuel investigates various aspects of moist convection in the atmosphere and tropical cyclones. He researches the scaling of convective velocities and the nature of the diurnal cycle of convection over land. His research group has developed a promising technique for inferring tropical cyclone activity from coarse-grain output of climate models or re-analyses. In his work on hurricanes, he has analyzed the power of thousands of hurricanes that occurred over decades. He found that that power of the storms doubled in the period in which climatologists have been measuring greenhouse gases and that these storms have been raising atmospheric and ocean temperatures. Along with Professor David Rothman, he leads the MIT Lorenz Center, which was founded to engage in fundamental inquiry about global climate change. By emphasizing curiosity-driven research, the center fosters creative approaches to learning how climate works. Among the books written by Dr. Emanuel is *What We Know About Climate Change*.

**Charles Forsberg, Research Scientist, MIT; Executive Director, MIT Nuclear Fuel Cycle Study; Director and Principle Investigator Fluoride Salt-Cooled, High-Temperature Reactor Project; and University Lead, Idaho National Laboratory Hybrid Energy Systems, USA**

The holder of 11 patents, Dr. Forsberg is a fellow of the American Nuclear Society and the American Association for the Advancement of Science. He received the 2002 American Nuclear Society Special Award for Innovative Nuclear Reactors (Fluoride salt-cooled, high-temperature reactors), and in 2005, the American Institute of Chemical Engineers Robert E. Wilson Award in recognition of his chemical engineering contributions to nuclear energy, including his work on reprocessing, waste management, repositories, and production of liquid fuels using nuclear energy. Forsberg proposes combining nuclear with artificial geothermal, shale oil, or hydrogen production, which could help slow climate change, in a paper published in the November 2013 issue of the journal *Energy Policy*.

**Édouard François, Architect, Urban Planner, Teacher; Maison Édouard François, France**

Édouard François has been an architect and urban planner since 1986. He launched his career with various projects, including “The Building that Grows” in Montpellier (2000) and the “Flower Tower” in Paris (2004). Sustainable development, the utilization of local materials and services, and the preservation and enhancement of existing buildings are all recurrent themes in his work. The M6B2 Tower in Paris (to be completed in 2014) and the Planted Tower in Nantes explore more closely the idea of biodiversity. The former includes the use of wind to spread first-generation seeds and promote the regeneration of plants throughout the Paris metropolitan area. François has taught in schools around the world, including at the Architectural Association in London, the Ecole Spéciale d’Architecture in Paris, and the Design Academy in Eindhoven.

**Ruth Gates, Researcher at Hawai‘i Institute of Marine Biology; Graduate Faculty, Department of Molecular Biosciences and Bioengineering, University of Hawai‘I at Manoa, USA**

Dr. Gates focuses her research on the biological mechanisms and traits that dictate the environmental threshold of marine organisms. With her research group, she examines the tropical marine ecosystems of coral reefs that protect coastlines, engage tourism, and provide nutrition to many island nations. The group’s work includes studying and evaluating the “complex interactions between climate change stressors (disturbances in temperature, ocean chemistry, storm frequency and severity) and chronic or acute local impacts (coastal development, pollution and over-fishing) [that] have driven the global deterioration in the quality of these ecosystems.” Dr. Gates is a co-winner of the 2013 Paul G. Allen Ocean Challenge along with Dr. Madeleine van Oppen from the Australian Institute of Marine Science for the pair’s idea to increase the resilience of critical and highly vulnerable coral reef ecosystems.

**Jessica Green, Associate Professor, Institute for Ecology and Evolutionary Biology, University of Oregon, Eugene; External Professor, Santa Fe Institute; Environmental Task Force, American Academy of Microbiology, USA**

Dr. Green is an engineer and ecologist who specializes in biodiversity theory and microbial systems. A major goal of hers is to develop buildings and urban areas that promote sustainability, human health, and well-being. As the founding director of the Biology and Built Environment (BioBE) Center, she is spearheading efforts to model and design urban environments as complex microbial ecosystems that

intimately interact with the trillions of microbes living in and on humans—the human microbiome.

**Ing-Marie Gren, Professor in Environmental and Resource Economics, Swedish University of Agricultural Economics, Sweden**

Dr. Gren's research focuses on environmental policy instruments made under conditions of uncertainty and risk, specifically regarding the behavior of humans and nature, and in relation to biodiversity. Much of this research has been applied to large-scale water quality management, specifically of the Baltic Sea. Professor Gren is responsible for the first major report on the total costs and benefits from mitigating eutrophication in the Baltic Sea. She also looks at the valuation of ecosystem services, in particular, regulatory functions that affect wetlands' ability to act as nutrient sinks to the benefit of downstream ecosystems. Her research and teaching encompass cost-benefit analysis, environmental policy, and social science perspectives on sustainable development.

**R.S. (Dolf) de Groot, Associate Professor, Environmental Systems Analysis, Wageningen University, The Netherlands**

Dr. de Groot works in the environmental systems analysis department where he conducts quantitative and multidisciplinary research aimed at analyzing, interpreting, simulating, and communicating complex environmental problems. His areas of expertise include environmental economics, environmental management, nature management, and ecology. He was recently acclaimed for his work in devising a database for ecosystem services. An international team led by Dr. de Groot put ecosystem services, such as food and oxygen, into a database that expresses the value of the services in hard currency. The group's goal is to establish ecosystem service values that can then be used effectively in decision-making processes undertaken by scientists, policy makers, governments, NGOs, and others. Dr. de Groot also recently co-founded the new journal *Ecosystem Services*.

**Michael Grubb, Senior Research Fellow at 4CMR, Cambridge University Centre for Climate Change Mitigation Research; Senior Advisor on Sustainable Energy Policy to the UK Energy Regulator Ofgem, UK**

Dr. Grubb is the lead author of several reports put out by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) to address the economic, technological, and

social aspects of limiting greenhouse gas emissions. He initiated and chaired the global Innovation Modelling Comparison project, widely cited in both the Stern Review and the IPCC Fourth Assessment. He is editor-in-chief of the journal *Climate Policy*, is on the editorial board of *Energy Policy*, and was recently the Specialist Adviser to a House of Lords European Committee enquiry, *No Country is an Energy Island: Securing Investment for the EU's Future* (2013). In March 2014, he published the book *Planetary Economics*, in which he relates the lessons he has acquired from 25 years of research and the implementation of energy and climate policies.

**Luke Hanley, Professor of Chemistry and Department Head, Chemistry, the University of Illinois at Chicago (UIC); Adjunct Professor, UIC Bioengineering Department, USA**

The research of Dr. Hanley and his group is at the interface of analytical chemistry, mass spectrometry, bioengineering, and surface science. They apply advanced instrumental methods to modify and characterize both biological and materials surfaces in several distinct projects. In some cases, this involves the construction of novel instrumentation. The group is growing nanocomposite materials from the gas phase. This work includes preparing lead sulfide nanocrystal-organic oligomer films by this method for use in nonlinear optical devices and third generation photovoltaics. Hanley received a 2012 National Science Foundation grant to develop a solar-related nanotechnology project.

**Lars Hassel, Professor of Accounting; Rector/Dean at Umeå School of Business; Program Director, Sustainable Investment Research Platform (SIRP), Sweden**

Dr. Hassel's research interests include the value relevance of environmental, social, and governance (ESG) information in the value chain of financial markets. He has written extensively on international, financial, management, and environmental accounting topics. Together with Dr. Gary M. Cunningham, visiting professor at Åbo Akademi University in Finland, he was presented with the 2013 Lee H. Radebaugh Notable Contribution to International Research Award for their article "Psychic Distance and Budget Control of Foreign Subsidiaries" in the *Journal of International Accounting Research*. The paper was based on their research, which was the first such study to introduce cultural and geographic distance factors into management accounting research.

**James Hawley, Management Professor, School of Economics and Business Administration; Founder of the Elfenworks Center for Responsible Business; Senior Research Fellow, St. Mary's College of California, USA**

Corporate governance and responsible investment are two of Dr. Hawley's main research topics. He studies comparative corporate governance and institutional investors of the United States, the European Union, and Japan; conducts a continuing study of the impact of globalization of financial markets on international financial stability and national economic policy formation and effectiveness; and examines the fiduciary duty of major institutional organizations. His approach to responsible investment, or ESG, of corporate valuation is from the varied viewpoints of a teaching academic and a researcher. From this work, he develops policy implications for use by institutional investors, governments, and inter-governmental organizations. The Elfenworks Center, which he founded, has just expanded its prior focus on fiduciary capitalism to one that encompasses responsible business. "Responsible business must mean more than simply claiming to be responsible," says Hawley. "What are emerging worldwide are standards for responsible business through the concepts of ESG, for environmental, social, and governance standards." Professor Hawley is the author of *The Rise of Fiduciary Capitalism: How Institutional Investors Can Make Corporations More Democratic*.

**Michael Hoel, Professor of Economics, Department of Economics, University of Oslo; Scientific Advisor, Frisch Centre of Economic Research; Associate Researcher at Vista Analyse; Fellow at The Beijer Institute of Ecological Economics; Fellow at CESifo, Norway**

As a researcher, professor, and author, Dr. Hoel specializes in environmental, resource, and energy economics. His ongoing work includes the investigation and study of the costs of renewable fuel standards, forestry and carbon emissions, and climate economics. A widely cited authority, Professor Hoel has also written on game theory; analysis of international environmental negotiations and treaties; domestic and international policy instrument design under uncertainty; and optimal resource use. In 2011, he received the European Lifetime Achievement Award in Environmental Economics, given by the European Association of Environmental and Resource Economists, in recognition that "his contribution has been particularly noteworthy in bringing environmental concerns to the research agenda of mainstream economics, and in demonstrating the suitability of the economic analysis tools in the areas of environmental policy."

**\*Pieter Hoff, Inventor; Founder of AquaPro Holland, The Netherlands**

Inventor Pieter Hoff introduced the Groasis Technology through his privately owned company AquaPro Holland. The Groasis Technology (GT) is a planting technology (not an irrigation system) that is used in over 30 countries with good results. Hoff's research resulted in the seemingly simple Groasis Waterboxx, which has received a wide range of notice and awards: the Dutch Bèta Dragons Science Award 2008; the *Popular Science* magazine award as one of the top 10 inventions of 2010; and the Limburg Design Association Award in 2011. Groasis is a biomimicry technology that works as a water incubator by capturing water from the air condensation and rain and wicks it into the soil. There is no energy expenditure and the water savings in the first year of use are reported to be over 90 percent better than those reported for other planting methods. Mr. Hoff promotes using the box in dry and eroded regions as a practical and successful way to plant trees and produce food at little cost but with life-changing benefits. *Learn more about Pieter Hoff's work on page 60.*

**John Holdren, Assistant to the President for Science and Technology; Director of the White House Office of Science and Technology Policy; Co-Chair of the President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology (PCAST), USA**

Dr. Holdren is recognized as an authority on energy technology and policy, global environmental change, and nuclear nonproliferation. As a researcher and academician, he was an early advocate of an interdisciplinary approach to energy and environmental issues within the academic, research, and policy communities. Before joining the Obama administration, Dr. Holdren was the Teresa and John Heinz Professor of Environmental Policy and the director of the program on Science, Technology, and Public Policy at Harvard University's Kennedy School of Government, as well as a professor in Harvard's Department of Earth and Planetary Sciences and director of the independent, nonprofit Woods Hole Research Center. He has led or served on national and international panels that have helped shape new understanding and new policies relating to energy strategy for sustainable development, the causes and consequences of global climate change, and the protection of weapon-usable nuclear materials. *To learn more about Dr. Holdren's views on energy and market-based solutions to environmental challenges, read Lia Abady's [interview in the Journal of Environmental Investing Vol. 1, No. 2 \(2010\)](#), available in the JEI archives.*

**Kees Hummelen, Professor of Chemistry of Molecular Organic and Bio-organic Materials, University of Groningen, The Netherlands**

Together with his staff, Dr. Hummelen is working to create plastic solar panels that will be an inexpensive alternative to the resources normally used to produce solar cells. The group works with conjugated polymers, which can absorb more light and are better conductors than many other materials, and with electron acceptors, called buckyballs, which are football-shaped molecules. Recognized as one of the top researchers in the field of materials science, Dr. Hummelen works in multidisciplinary chemistry and organic energy and fuels. In 2011, he received a EUR five million Foundation for Fundamental Research on Matter (FOM) grant to further improve solar cells. He is also the scientific director of the Stratingh Institute for Chemistry; chairman of the group Chemistry of (bio)Molecular Materials and Devices; and co-founder and CEO of Solenne BV, Groningen, which was established to provide academic and industrial researchers with high-quality PCBM and many other fullerene derivatives.

**Julian Hunt, Emeritus Professor of Climate Modelling, University College London; Visiting Fellow of the Malaysian Commonwealth Studies Centre in Cambridge University; Chairman of Cambridge Environmental Research Consultants (CERC), UK**

Dr. Hunt's research studies in the field of fluid dynamics have encompassed such topics as turbulent and stratified flows, complex atmospheric flows, and dispersion. His work has been applied to practical solutions in building design, wind energy generation, and air pollution modeling. His experimental and theoretical research in magneto-hydrodynamics was related to problems in the technology of thermo-nuclear fusion and to engineering problems of electromagnetic stirring and heating of liquid metals. He has been involved in model assessment and the development of computer codes in these subjects. As the chief executive of the UK Meteorological Office, he was elected to the executive committee of the World Meteorological Organisation. Among his accomplishments is the active part he took in negotiating new international arrangements for the exchange of data to ensure that national meteorological services worldwide can continue to collaborate with each other. He and his colleagues at Cambridge formed a company, Cambridge Environmental Research Consultants Ltd (CERC), which developed environmental software and, in collaboration with other organizations, a new air pollution dispersion model that is now the standard model for the UK Environment Agency.

**Kamarulazizi Ibrahim, Professor of Physics, Universiti Sains Malaysia, Malaysia**

Dr. Kamarulazizi Ibrahim's areas of interest are energy, semiconductor materials and devices, nanotechnology, and sustainability. He is actively engaged in research on materials for multi-junction solar cells. A certified energy manager, he is a recipient of an IRPA research award valued at RM24 million on "blue light emitting devices" and has represented Malaysia in G-15 Solar Energy Experts meetings and the World Solar Summit. He has chaired and works with the Nano Optoelectronic Research And Technology Laboratory and the Energy Research Program, both at the university.

**Wiebren de Jong, Associate Professor of Energy Technology, Process and Energy Department, Delft University of Technology, The Netherlands**

Dr. de Jong works in the field of thermo-chemical conversion of biomass and hybrid bio-refinery concepts. He is a member of the STW platform for clean and efficient combustion and the university's representative member in the Dutch Flame Research Foundation. His research fields are biomass characterization (pyrolysis, gasification), biomass co-firing, supercritical water gasification of wet biomass, and bio-refinery process development.

**Matthew Kanan, Assistant Professor of Chemistry, Stanford University, USA**

Dr. Kanan's areas of research are organic and inorganic chemistry. His research group focuses on challenges in catalysis for renewable energy applications and fine chemical synthesis. They have pioneered a new class of heterogeneous catalysts for electrochemical carbon-fuel synthesis and experimental studies of electrostatic effects on the selectivity of catalytic reactions. "The ability to convert H<sub>2</sub>O, CO<sub>2</sub> and N<sub>2</sub> into fuels by using renewable energy inputs could, in principle, provide a viable alternative to the current dominance of fossil fuels. This prospect faces great technical challenges, the foremost of which is the lack of efficient and robust electrocatalysts for the various multi-electron processes that fuel synthesis demands. The ultimate goals of this research area are to develop catalyst design principles that are applicable to multiple materials and to provide viable candidate electrode materials for electrolytic devices."

**David Keith, Gordon McKay Professor of Applied Physics and Professor of Public Policy, Harvard University, USA**

Dr. David Keith has worked near the interface of climate science, energy technology, and public policy for twenty years. His interest in geoengineering, the

concept of intentionally making changes to Earth's climate system in order to combat global warming, has engendered curiosity and support as well as controversy. He is the president of Carbon Engineering, a start-up company developing industrial scale technologies for the capture of CO<sub>2</sub> from ambient air. His other areas of study include the economics and climatic impacts of large-scale wind power and the use of hydrogen as a transportation fuel.

**Robert Kelly, Alcoa Professor; Director of the Biotechnology Program, North Carolina State University, USA**

The work undertaken by Dr. Kelly and his research group is aimed at the boundary between biology and engineering. They address issues of fundamental importance in understanding the bioenergetics, biochemistry, physiology, and genomics of extreme thermophiles, which are organisms that thrive at relatively high temperatures and are found at various geothermal heated regions of the Earth, such as in hot springs, the deep sea, and the decaying plant matter of compost and peat bogs. Extreme thermophiles, in particular, require a very high temperature (80 °C to 105 °C) for growth; their membranes and proteins are unusually stable at these extremely high temperatures. The Kelly group's studies have given rise to a number of technologically important developments related to bioenergy and biofuels; the recovery of base, precious, and strategic metals from ores; and industrial biocatalysis. Dr. Kelly's specific areas of focus are biomolecular engineering, biocatalysis at extremely high temperatures, microbial physiology, functional genomics, bioenergy, and biofuels.

**Sebastián Kind, Founder and Managing Director of the Renewable Energy Master of Science Programme at the Technical University of Argentina; President and CEO of Aires, Renewable Energy Sources, Argentina**

Sebastián Kind is a founder and managing director of the Renewable Energy Master of Science Programme at the Technical University of Argentina. He has taught courses and advised on energy issues at multiple public and private institutions in Argentina and abroad. He is also a founding partner and president of Aires Renewables, a renewable energy company that is dedicated to the development of wind energy in Latin America and that provides consultancy services to governments, companies, and ventures interested in investing in the South American renewable-energy market. He has evaluated wind energy projects for the government of Uruguay (Ministry of Energy and Mines) and consulted for Chile Energy and the German Cooperation Agency (GTZ) on issues of wind energy and bidding processes in Latin America.

**Nils Kok, Associate Professor in Finance and Real Estate at Maastricht University, The Netherlands; Affiliated Faculty and Visiting Scholar at the UC Berkeley Program on Housing and Urban Policy, USA**

Dr. Kok is the recipient of a prestigious three-year grant from the Dutch National Science Foundation for his work on the intersection of sustainability and finance in the real estate sector. He is a co-founder of the Global Real Estate Sustainability Benchmark (GRESB), which is recognized as a premier investor-led initiative to assess the environmental and social performance of the global real estate investment industry. Professor Kok spent the last two years as a visiting scholar at the Haas School of Business, UC Berkeley. He frequently communicates his ideas and findings as a speaker at international academic and industry conferences and actively shares his expertise through workshops with investment practitioners and policy makers.

**Charles Kolstad, Professor Emeritus in Environmental Economics, University of California, Santa Barbara; Senior Fellow, Stanford Institute for Economic Policy; Senior Fellow, Precourt Institute for Energy, USA**

Dr. Kolstad is interested in the role information plays in environmental decision-making and regulation, and does much of his applied work in the area of climate change and energy markets. He is also an adviser to the California Air Resources Board. Professor Kolstad was a lead author for the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (which was the co-recipient of the 2007 Nobel Peace Prize) and a member of the National Academy of Sciences committee charged with evaluating the U.S. Climate Change Research Program. He is a former president of the Association of Environmental and Resource Economists, and editor of the journal *Review of Environmental Economics & Policy*. His more than 100 publications include the undergraduate text *Environmental Economics*. He is a former chair of the UCSB Economics Department and co-director of the UC Center for Energy & Environmental Economics, a joint undertaking of UC Berkeley and UCSB. He is a university fellow at Resources for the Future and a research associate at the National Bureau of Economic Research.

**Frederik Krebs, Professor and Section Head, Department of Energy Conversion and Storage, Technical University of Denmark, Denmark**

While working in the field of organic photovoltaics (OPV), Dr. Krebs has been particularly interested in moving his research from the lab into the real world to ensure that the results benefit people in realistic ways. His aim has also been to do real-life demonstrations of OPV in order to learn how to improve the technology.

One outcome of this idea was his research group's frequently cited paper, "Manufacture, Integration and Demonstration of Polymer Solar Cells in a Lamp for the 'Lighting Africa' Initiative." The group's goals were to test the new technology against real-life settings, discover how well the technology would perform, and identify how it could be improved. Dr. Krebs's additional research interests includes new materials with low-band gap and novel processing capability; large-area processing and manufacture of polymer solar cells; all aspects of roll-to-roll printing-coating-processing and testing; life cycle analysis; stability and lifetime testing; degradation mechanism studies; outside testing, demonstration, and electricity grid-connected polymer solar cells.

**\*Merle de Kreuk, Assistant Professor, Wastewater Treatment and Anaerobic Digestion Processes at the Sanitary Engineering Section, Department of Water Management, Delft University of Technology, The Netherlands**

Dr. de Kreuk's work focuses on wastewater treatment systems and anaerobic processes. She is one of three scientists who were co-finalists for the 2012 European Inventor Award (EIA) in the research category for their invention and development of the Nereda water technology, which enables efficient and inexpensive purification of industrial and household wastewater. In this technology, the treatment of domestic wastewater uses 25 percent less energy and takes up 75 percent less space than older technology processes do. In 2007, she was awarded the Simon Stevin Fellowship Prize by STW and in 2010, she won the Jaap van der Graaf award. *Learn more about Dr. de Kreuk's work on page 63.*

**Johannes Lehmann, Professor, Department of Crop and Soil Sciences, Cornell University, USA**

Dr. Lehmann conducts research and teaches in soil biogeochemistry and soil fertility management. His specializations are in soil organic matter and nutrient studies of managed and natural ecosystems, and he focuses on soil degradation and sustainable agriculture in the tropics (especially Africa); bio-energy; greenhouse gas emissions from soil and headwaters; and synchrotron-based methods for soil research. Dr. Lehmann is also a co-founder and chair of the board of the International Biochar Initiative (IBI), which promotes biochar, a 2,000 year-old practice that converts agricultural waste into a soil enhancer that can hold carbon, boost food security, and discourage deforestation. It is a relatively inexpensive, widely applicable, and quickly scalable sustainable technology.

**Gatze Lettinga, Emeritus Professor Anaerobic Treatment and Reuse Technologies, Wageningen University, The Netherlands; Advisor at LeAF, The Netherlands**

Professor Gatze Lettinga was awarded the Lee Kuan Yew Water Prize 2009 for his sustainable solution for the treatment of used water, the Upflow Anaerobic Sludge Blanket reactor. Dr. Lettinga pioneered the widespread use of anaerobic technology, which uses microorganisms in an oxygen-free environment to purify used water. Not only does the treatment enable the cost-effective purification of industrial used water, but it also produces renewable energy, fertilizers, and soil conditioners. The water prize noted another significant aspect of Dr. Lettinga's work: by choosing not to patent his invention, he made his technology universally available. As a result, it has been widely adopted by industrial as well as municipal users. The system has even anticipated the increasing concerns about energy efficiency. Over the course of his four-decade career, Dr. Lettinga has been involved with over 15 engineering projects on anaerobic wastewater treatment plants in developing countries, including projects in Cuba, Brazil, Indonesia, India, Vietnam, and Morocco. He continues his work as an advisor to the Lettinga Associates Foundation (LeAF), a not-for-profit knowledge and consulting center that develops and implements sustainable, environmental-protection technologies and supports young scientists.

**Bruce Logan, Kappe Professor of Environmental Engineering; Evan Pugh Professor, Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering, the Pennsylvania State University, USA**

Dr. Logan's main area of research is in the sustainability of the water infrastructure. The Logan laboratory is actively engaged in researching ways to ensure water sustainability through bio-energy, or methods of producing electricity or energy carriers such as hydrogen from biomass. Specific research topics include bioelectricity using microbial fuel cells and biohydrogen production using microbial electrolysis cells (MECs or BEAMR) or by fermentation. Other areas being studied are water treatments that use biological processes to target specific chemicals such as perchlorate, and bacterial adhesion for the purposes of bioaugmentation for remediation of contaminated aquifers. Ongoing projects that Dr. Logan and his colleagues have written about include "Energy sustainable wastewater treatment systems for forward operating bases based on microbial fuel cells," and "Energy sustainability for water infrastructure and agriculture."

**Mark van Loosdrecht, Professor and Group Leader in Environmental Technology, Department of Biotechnology, Delft University of Technology, The Netherlands**

Dr. van Loosdrecht's research interests are in biofilm and granular sludge systems, microbial storage polymers, nutrient removal processes, and the microbial ecology of engineered systems. A world-renowned, award-winning scientist and engineer, Professor van Loosdrecht's work focuses on the interface between microbiology and biotechnology, specifically pertaining to wastewater treatment. To shorten the often lengthy transmission process involved in introducing research solutions to the marketplace, Dr. van Loosdrecht works actively with the wastewater industry to implement the solutions derived from his research. As a result of his direct involvement, many breakthroughs in wastewater treatment have been successfully commercialized in a relatively short time. He was awarded the Lee Kuan Yew Water Prize 2012 for his contributions in used water treatment, in particular, the completely autotrophic nitrogen removal process, Anammox. This process reduces the overall energy consumption, chemical usage, and carbon emissions of a conventional wastewater treatment plant. The process was made possible by the discovery of a unique group of bacteria that removes pollutants in used water by using less oxygen than conventional processes and no added organic carbon.

**Derek Lovley, Distinguished University Professor, University of Massachusetts, Amherst, USA**

Dr. Lovley's research is focused on the physiology and ecology of novel anaerobic microorganisms. Current topics of investigation include: in situ groundwater bioremediation; microbial fuel cells; directed and natural evolution of anaerobic respiration; anaerobic biofilms; and extracellular electron transfer mechanisms. In Dr. Lovley's lab, the Geobacter Project, these studies are being approached at the genome scale and involve genetic, biochemical, ecological, and in silico modeling approaches. The research ranges from basic physiological studies to collaborations with industry undertaken to optimize the function of microbial fuel cells. His lab was one of 14 chosen to work under a U.S. government-supported project to make biofuel substitutes for gasoline from microbes in the laboratory. A result of this work is butanol, a substitute that doesn't rely on plants or arable land, and thus leads to much less environmental degradation than would occur with the use of plant-based biofuels.

**Greg Lowry, Professor of Civil and Environmental Engineering at Carnegie Mellon University; Deputy Director of the Center for Environmental Implications of Nanotechnology (CEINT), USA**

Environmental nanotechnology, energy and environment, and environmental remediation are the broad categories of Dr. Lowry's research interests. His specific research areas include nanoparticle characterization, reactivity, and transformations; and macromolecule-nanoparticle interactions and contaminant fate in the subsurface. He focuses on the fundamental physical and geochemical processes affecting the fate of engineered nanomaterials and organic contaminants in the environment. His current research includes investigating the processes affecting the permanence of CO<sub>2</sub> when injected underground for carbon sequestration. His experimental work also includes a variety of fundamental and application-oriented research projects from which he and his colleagues plan to develop novel environmental technologies for restoring contaminated sediments and groundwater. Dr. Lowry's paper, "Transformations of Nanomaterials in the Environment," was named the top paper by the journal *Environmental Science and Technology* in 2012.

**Bruce Menge, Wayne and Gladys Valley Professor of Marine Biology, Oregon State University, USA**

The wide-ranging research interests of Dr. Menge and his colleagues at the Lubchenco/Menge Lab encompass marine life and coastal oceans with concentrations on the structure and dynamics of marine meta-ecosystems; the responses of coastal ecosystems to climate change; linking benthic and inner shelf pelagic communities; the relationship between scale and ecosystem dynamics; bottom-up and top-down control of community structure; recruitment dynamics; eco-physiology and sub-organismal mechanisms in environmental stress models; larval transport and connectivity; impact of ocean acidification on marine ecosystems; controls of productivity; population, community, and geographical ecology; and models of community regulation. The group is the lead institution in the Partnership for Interdisciplinary Studies of Coastal Oceans (PISCO), a long-term, large-scale ecological consortium. Other consortium members include the Universities of California at Santa Barbara and Santa Cruz, and Stanford University's Hopkins Marine Station. Over the next five years, the research goals of PISCO are to understand the impacts of climate change on large marine ecosystems, to further the theory and application of marine reserves, and to help

inform the sustainable management of marine resources. Dr. Menge was a 2013 Paul G. Allen Ocean Challenge Finalist as the team leader for their work on the “Mitigation of Ocean Acidification by Adaptation: Identification of Neighborhoods of Resilience.”

**Subodh Gautam Mhaisalkar, Associate Professor, School of Materials Science & Engineering; College of Engineering Executive Director, Energy Research Institute, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore**

Dr. Subodh Mhaisalkar has over 10 years of research and engineering experience in the microelectronics industry where he has held various engineering, research, and development positions. His areas of expertise and research interests include printed electronics, bioelectronics, printed power, and organic photovoltaics. Common to all these projects are methods of solution processing of semiconductors (organic, carbon nanotubes, or inorganic nanowires); fundamental device physics studies; and device integration. Dr. Mhaisalkar and his colleagues have raised more than \$100 million in research funding for a variety of sustainable energy projects. With organizations like Vestas, Bosch, Rolls-Royce, and IBM, he has initiated partnerships that contribute significantly to research in energy systems that range from solar cells and smart grids to wind and marine turbines. In addition, he works closely with several national agencies and has been instrumental in securing partnerships with other educational research institutes, including UC Berkeley, TU Munich, Cambridge, and Imperial College.

**Sushanta Mitra, Professor in the Department of Mechanical Engineering and the Assistant Vice-President (Research) at the University of Alberta, Canada; Director of the Micro and Nano-scale Transport Laboratory located at the National Institute for Nanotechnology (NINT), Canada**

Dr. Mitra’s areas of research are microfluidics and nanofluidics; bioMEMS; flow-through porous media; fuel cells; and atomization and sprays. The objective of one of the current research projects at the NINT Lab is the bioconversion of coal into any possible gaseous fuels, such as methane or hydrogen, through laboratory core-flooding experiments that mimic field conditions. The purpose of this experiment is to (1) monitor methane generation; (2) investigate metabolic bi-products, microbial interactions with coal, the growth of microbes, and the effects of microbes and nutrients loading on methanogenesis, and factors that facilitate and inhibit methanogenesis, and finally (3) develop optimal engineering routes to accelerate the bioconversion process.

**Madjid Mohseni, Professor, Chemical and Biological Engineering, University of British Columbia; Scientific Director, RES'EAU-WaterNET Strategic Network, Canada**

Dr. Mohseni's research interests are in environmental bioprocess engineering, biofiltration, biological wastewater treatment, advanced oxidation, and photocatalysis. In his view, "Advanced oxidation technologies and bioprocess engineering have great potentials to contribute and lead to a cleaner environment and new sources of energy." His laboratory's research focuses on the application of advanced oxidation technologies and their applications to the removal of organic contaminants from air and water, in particular, and on developing and evaluating technologies for drinking-water treatments. As an expert in advanced oxidation and water treatment processes, Dr. Mohseni brings a wealth of industry experience to the RES'EAU-WaterNET Strategic Network. A recipient of the Ontario Ministry of Environment's Award of Excellence in Research and Technology Development in 1998, Dr. Mohseni has led a number of industrially funded collaborative projects related to air and water treatments using photocatalysis, UV photolysis, and UV-based advanced oxidation processes.

**Ernest Moniz, United States Secretary of Energy; Professor of Physics, Emeritus, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, USA**

Dr. Moniz's research interests center on energy, science and technology, and national security policy. At MIT, Professor Moniz served as head of the department of physics and as director of the Bates Linear Accelerator Center. His principal research contributions have been in theoretical nuclear physics and in energy technology and policy studies. In his current position as the U.S. Secretary of Energy, Dr. Moniz responsibilities are to implement goals for growing the economy, enhancing security, and protecting the environment. This includes maintaining the nuclear deterrent and reducing nuclear danger; promoting American leadership in science and clean energy technology innovation; cleaning up the legacy of the cold war; and strengthening management and performance.

**Ulf Moslener, Professor of Sustainable Energy Finance, Frankfurt School of Finance & Management; Head of Research of the UNEP Collaborating Centre for Climate and Sustainable Energy Finance, Germany**

Dr. Moslener's main areas of research are international climate policy; the analysis of carbon regulation; carbon emissions trading; and policy instruments to promote renewable energy. He has led a number of research projects, including those on

behalf of the German Federal Ministries or the European Commission. Among his recent publications, written in collaboration with his research colleagues, are “Taxing Externalities under Financing Constraints” and “Barriers to Increasing Energy Efficiency: Evidence from Small-and Medium-Sized Enterprises in China.” As the head of research of the UNEP Collaborating Centre for Climate and Sustainable Energy Finance, Dr. Moslener’s current fields of research center on the economics of climate change, the finance of sustainable energy systems, and climate finance. He also represents Germany on the UN Standing Committee on Climate Finance, and has worked with KfW Development Bank, on the practice of financing renewable energy and energy efficiency in developing and newly industrialized countries within the German development cooperation.

**Benard Muok, Director of Programmes at the African Centre for Technology Studies (ACTS); Project Manager, Policy Innovation Systems for Clean Energy Security (PISCES) of ACTS, Kenya**

Dr. Muok’s experience is in research on and management of natural resources, and encompasses science technology innovation; environmental conservation; sustainable development; forestry; climate change adaptation and mitigation; energy access; food security; and policy analysis and development. He is a commonwealth fellow in bioenergy and climate change at the University of Edinburgh and holds an International Diploma in Conservation at the Royal Botanical Garden, Kew/National Museums of Kenya. In his work with PISCES, a five-year initiative funded by the UK’s Department for International Development, he works with a team to develop new knowledge and policies that promote energy access and implement energy technologies through bioenergy. This work is carried out in partnership with India, Tanzania, Kenya, and Sri Lanka in order to improve livelihoods in those countries. Dr. Muok is also the national chairperson of the Kenya National Biofuel Policy Committee, which leads the development of biofuel policies by engaging stakeholders and policy makers.

**Ron Nahser, Fellow and a Founding Director of the Oxford Leadership Academy in the United States; Senior Wicklander Fellow at DePaul University’s Institute for Business and Professional Ethics, Chicago; Provost Emeritus of Presidio School of Management, San Francisco, USA**

Dr. Nahser lectures and consults with business and academic audiences in the United States and internationally on business values, vision, marketing strategy, branding, social responsibility, and integrative sustainable management. He works

with the Oxford Leadership Academy, whose mission is to “develop leaders who transform business for good.” The author of *Learning to Read the Signs: Reclaiming Pragmatism in Business* and *Journeys to Oxford: Nine Pragmatic Inquiries into the Practice of Values in Business and Education*, he has developed a strategic business problem-solving model known as PathFinder Pragmatic Inquiry® which has been used by more than 100 organizations and thousands of participants. As Senior Wicklander Fellow at DePaul’s Institute for Business and Professional Ethics, Dr. Nahser is now leading the launch of an executive education program on integrative sustainable management.

**Jatin Nathwani, Professor, Civil and Environmental Engineering, the University of Waterloo; Executive Director of the Waterloo Institute for Sustainable Energy (WISE), Canada**

Dr. Nathwani’s research interests focus on energy policy and life-cycle energy risk management; policy tools and the development of decision-frameworks for managing life-safety risk under the constraints of scarce resources; the evaluation of regulatory and market-based instruments for achieving environmental objectives; and planning for long-term sustainability of energy systems, including the potential for technology convergence of the power and transportation infrastructures. He has worked in a leadership capacity in the energy sector, focusing on strategy, policy developments, and management of risk. At WISE, he works with 70 University of Waterloo faculty members in a collaborative process with a focus on managing complex environmental policy issues while helping to shape directions for the future development of Ontario’s energy resources. One of his main goals is to evaluate the world’s diverse energy challenges in order to provide solutions, such as micro-grid developments, that will make sustainable lifestyles available to all communities.

**Mohammad Khaja Nazeeruddin, Professor of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering and Senior Scientist at École polytechnique fédérale de Lausanne, Switzerland; World Class University Professor at the Korea University; Distinguished Professor at KAU, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia**

Dr. Nazeeruddin is an expert in the design, synthesis, and characterization of platinum-group metal complexes associated with dye-sensitized solar cells and organic light-emitting diodes. He directs and manages several industrial, national, and European Union projects on hydrogen energy, photovoltaics (DSC), and

organic light emitting diodes. He is the inventor of 40 patents, and has published extensively in his field. The significance of his work has been recognized with invitations to speak at over 75 international conferences.

**Alireza Nojeh, Associate Professor, Electrical and Computer Engineering, the University of British Columbia, Canada**

Dr. Nojeh's research interests are in the area of nanotechnology, including nanostructures (especially based on carbon nanotubes), controlled nanofabrication, electron emission phenomena, electron microscopy, modeling, and simulation of nanoscale systems. The Nojeh Nanostructure Group emphasizes modeling and simulation of nanodevices, using methods such as molecular dynamics and the density functional theory.

**Jong Moon Park, Professor of Environmental Biotechnology at the Pohang University of Science and Technology (POSTECH), Pohang, Korea**

Dr. Jong Moon Park works in the field of energy and environmental engineering and uses biotechnology as a tool in his research. His innovative work includes achieving biosorption of heavy metals by using biomass, which integrates elements of environmental engineering and biotechnology. His recent biomass research focuses specifically on biorefinery and bioenergy production from biomasses such as micro- and macro-algae and organic wastes. Professor Park is also in charge of the core project "Development of Biorefinery Platform Technology for the Production of Carboxylic Acid Compounds from Biomass," which is a project being conducted within the Global Frontier Program.

**Richard Perez, Research Professor; Senior Research Associate, Atmospheric Sciences Research Center (ASRC), University at Albany (State University of New York), USA**

At the ASRC, Dr. Perez directs applied research in the fields of solar radiation and solar energy applications and daylighting. The focus of his current research is solar energy resource assessment and the evaluation of the impact of solar energy systems on utility power grids. His expertise encompasses solar and renewable energy, the environment, and economics. Regarding solar energy assessment, Dr. Perez has described his group's work: "Because the weather is the main driver of solar energy technologies, it is important to characterize and to quantify the influences of climate and weather on the solar resource. We have developed approaches to utilize the imagery from weather satellites to infer the amount of

solar energy available at any point in time and space. We have used this capability to produce solar resource maps for the U.S. and several other countries, and to provide operational data for solar system output quality control.” In addition to building and living in a passive, solar, photovoltaic home, Dr. Perez has a dozen or more awards and solar energy-related patents and has written extensively in the fields of solar radiation, renewable energy applications, and daylighting.

**Raymond Pierrehumbert, Louis Block Professor in Geophysical Sciences,  
University of Chicago, USA**

Dr. Pierrehumbert’s central interest is in how climate works as a system. He wants to develop idealized mathematical models for addressing the big questions about Earth’s past, present, and future climates, as well as those of other planets. These questions include role of water vapor in global warming on Earth, the problem of a warm, wet early Mars, and the global glaciations of Earth’s distant past. This research involves work at the interface of fluid dynamics and radiative transfer. He is also interested in storm track structure and planetary wave propagation as well as fluid mechanical research of a more abstract nature, particularly as related to two-dimensional turbulence and mixing in two-dimensional area-preserving flows. Professor Pierrehumbert’s philosophy is to use simplified models that can be understood completely as a complement to insights that can be derived from comprehensive general circulation models. His textbook, *Principles of Planetary Climate*, is founded on the tenet that “big ideas come from small models.” Besides teaching and research, he writes for [\*Real Climate\*](#).

**Steve Polasky, Fesler-Lampert Professor of Ecological/Environmental  
Economics; University of Minnesota Regent’s Professor; Department of Applied  
Economics and the Department of Ecology, Evolution and Behavior; Faculty  
Fellow at the Institute on the Environment, University of Minnesota, USA**

Dr. Polasky’s research interests focus on issues at the intersection of ecology and economics. This work includes studying the impacts of land use and land management on the provision and value of ecosystem services; natural capital, biodiversity conservation; sustainability; environmental regulation; renewable energy; and common property resources. He served as the senior staff economist for environment and resources for the President’s Council of Economic Advisers, 1998-1999. Dr. Polasky is on a member of the Nature Conservancy’s Science Council and is one of the leaders of the Natural Capital Project’s environmental service mapping and valuation effort.

**Pavle Radovanovic, Associate Professor, Chemistry, Waterloo University;  
Principle Investigator, Radovanovic Research Group, Canada**

Dr. Radovanovic studies the optical, magnetic, and electronic interactions in nanosystems and their uses in creating next generation forms of information processing and computer memory. His research looks at how light, the magnetic field, and electrical current interact in nanometer-scale materials in advanced and next-generation microcomputing. The knowledge gained from this research is a key to designing new forms of information processors and non-volatile Random Access Memory (RAM)—memory that doesn't disappear with electricity. This work could lead to a promising new form of RAM that stores information with a combination of magnetic field and electricity (magneto-resistance), using much less electrical power in the process. The research in nanotechnology pursued by Radovanovic and his group show promise in addressing issues such as renewable energy, improved medical diagnosis and treatment, more efficient information technology, and environmental protections.

**Richard Reed, Professor; Chair in Property and Real Estate in the School of  
Management and Marketing, Deakin University, Australia**

Dr. Reed's interest in real estate and property sustainability led him to develop a new property and real estate course that offers a major in sustainability at Deakin University. His research focuses on three main areas: (1) the links between sustainability and the built environment, specifically regarding valuation and the business case for sustainability and lifecycle costing; (2) valuation or appraisal research on both real property (all land uses) and personal property; and (3) housing-related research, including social geography, reverse mortgages, housing affordability, and low-income housing. He has conducted research on the business case for sustainability and adaptive re-use of existing buildings. Projects that he has collaborated on with colleagues include research on sustainability through off-site production and a study into how the interactive learning process can affect the implementation of sustainability in commercial buildings.

**Angele Reinders, Professor of Energy-Efficient Design, Delft University of  
Technology; Associate Professor in Industrial Design Engineering, the University  
of Twente, The Netherlands**

In her position as a part-time professor of energy-efficient design in the design for sustainability section of the Industrial Design Engineering Department at Delft University, Dr. Reinders focuses on innovative product design for integrated

sustainable energy technologies. She also teaches and conducts research in the Department of Design, Production, and Management at the University of Twente, with a focus on innovative product design for integrated, sustainable energy technologies. This work includes the development of applications for photovoltaic (PV) solar energy technologies, such as PV systems and modules; solar-powered boats; and PV products for indoor use. A main goal of this design-driven energy research is to match PV solar-cell technologies with conditions of use, optimized energy performance, and manufacturability. Dr. Reinders's innovative approach to design in photovoltaic and other renewable energy technologies is discussed and illustrated in her 2012 book, *The Power of Design: Product Innovation in Sustainable Energy Technologies*.

**Johan Rockstrom, Professor of Environmental Science; Executive Director of Stockholm Resilience Centre, Stockholm University, Sweden**

Dr. Rockstrom's focus within environmental science is on water resources and global sustainability. He is a leading scientist on global water resources and the strategies needed to build resilience in water-scarce regions of the world, including tropical regions. He has published extensively about his work in areas ranging from applied land and water management to global sustainability. At the Stockholm Resilience Centre, his group's focus is on developing a new approach to sustainability: the capacity to use change and crisis to spur renewal and innovative thinking. In 2009, Rockstrom, along with an international team of scientists, "identified and quantified a set of nine planetary boundaries within which humanity can continue to develop and thrive for generations to come—while crossing them could generate abrupt or irreversible environmental changes." Since then, international organizations, governments, NGOs, and companies have adopted this "boundaries" research as both a tool and a new framework to guide the discussion about sustainable growth.

**Sanjit "Bunker" Roy, Founder and Director of the Barefoot University, India**

In 1972, Sanjit Roy founded the Social Work and Research Centre, now the Barefoot University, as a nonprofit organization in Tilonia, Rajasthan, India. Since that time, Roy has been a leading figure in sustainable development within the Indian NGO community and has helped expand the work of the college through a geographic focus on the least-developed countries (LDCs), particularly those of Asia and Africa. The college launches training centers, disseminates sustainable and eco-friendly technologies for water treatment and energy production, and

supports innovative approaches to resource management and public health. Its current projects include establishing solar communities and electronic workshops; building dams, underground storage for harvested rainwater, and solar-operated, reverse-osmosis desalination plants; manufacturing household items and toys from recycled materials; and instituting other educational, developmental, and activist programs. The college has been recognized internationally with funding and awards for its pioneering efforts in developing solutions that improve the rural poor's environment and quality of life.

**Jeffrey Sachs, Director, Earth Institute; Quetelet Professor of Sustainable Development; Professor of Health Policy and Management, Columbia University, USA**

As the Director of the Earth Institute of Columbia University, Dr. Sachs leads a university-wide organization of more than 850 professionals from natural-science and social-science disciplines who conduct research on all aspects of earth systems and sustainable development. Professor Sachs advocates for the expansion of university education on sustainable development, and helped to introduce the PhD in sustainable development at Columbia University and championed the new Masters of Development Practice (MDP), which has led to a consortium of major universities around the world offering the new degree. His policy and academic works span the challenges of globalization, and include: the relationship of trade and economic growth; the resource curse and extractive industries; public health and economic development; economic geography; strategies of economic reform; international financial markets; macroeconomic policy; global competitiveness; climate change; and the end of poverty. He has written several books, including *Common Wealth: Economics for a Crowded Planet* and *The Price of Civilization*.

**Toru Sato, Professor, Division of Environmental Studies, Department of Ocean Technology, Policy, and Environment; Marine Environmental Engineering; School of Frontier Sciences, the University of Tokyo, Japan**

Dr. Sato's main research topic is to develop methods of assessing the environmental effects of CO<sub>2</sub> sequestration technologies in the sea. His research group's aim is to develop systems that can coexist with natural environments in support of global sustainability. In order to accomplish this, they devise computational models of environments that incorporate principles of physics, chemistry, biology, and social sciences. "These models are subsequently synthesized into simulation systems in order to predict environmental impacts and

build public acceptance.” The ongoing work includes studying the ocean sequestration of CO<sub>2</sub>; biological fixation of CO<sub>2</sub> through ocean nourishment; prediction of methane hydrate decomposition; and the development of highly effective photo behavior of oceanic turbulence and stratified rotating fluid. They also develop computer models based on a physiologic mechanism for investigating the flushing-light effect of photosynthesis and the effect of CO<sub>2</sub> on the fish. Part of the research is conducted by a team that collaborates with the government, other universities, and companies. Dr. Sato is also affiliated with the Graduate Program in Sustainability Science, Global Leadership Initiative at the University of Tokyo, which was launched in 2012.

**Graham Sinclair, Principal and Sustainable Investment Strategist, SinCo;  
Adjunct Professor and Lecturer, USA and South Africa**

For the past decade, Graham Sinclair, who has graduate degrees in business and law, has explored sustainable investment themes, including long-term investment; influential investor networks; fiduciary duty; carbon intensity; water scarcity; biodiversity; nutrition security; and sustainable mining. He has lectured on sustainable investment at leading business schools throughout the world. At SinCo, he leads the design and development of the sustainable investment case for clients managing billion dollar investments or global investor initiatives. As an ESG architect, he integrates ESG factors into investment strategies, processes, and indexes in frontier and emerging markets. His recent projects include private equity in emerging markets, infrastructure investment, green bonds, pension fund investment value chains, a national sustainability index, and impact investing. He worked on the UN Environment Programme Financial Initiative and the UN Principles for Responsible Investment and co-founded the not-for-profit Africa Sustainable Investment Forum project, AfricaSIF.org, in 2009. He also contributed three chapters, “Private Equity,” “Frontiers in Africa,” and “Sustainability Indexes” to the 2012 book *Evolutions in Sustainable Investing*.

**Alison Smith, Professor of Plant Biochemistry, Department of Plant Sciences;  
Researcher at the Bioenergy Initiative, University of Cambridge, UK**

Dr. Smith’s work concentrates on how plants, algae, and microbes make chemicals, particularly vitamins. Her discovery that half of known algal species have a much closer relationship with bacteria than previously thought has implications for the study of aquatic ecosystems. Professor Smith is also examining the potential of algae as a source of bioenergy. Algae have two

potential advantages over crop plants for biofuel production: they do not use up agriculturally productive land and they can be used to sequester carbon dioxide. Research projects in Dr. Smith's group focus on studying the metabolism of plants, algae, and bacteria; the organization and expression of genes for the enzymes; and the regulation of the pathways by using microarray and metabolomics approaches. Using the knowledge gained from these studies, the group is exploring the potential for metabolic engineering of high-value products in plants and algae, and for the exploitation of algae for bioenergy production. The Department of Plant Sciences is also actively involved in translational research that addresses food security, sources of sustainable energy, and the protection of biodiversity.

**Marjolein Spaans, Senior Researcher, Urban and Regional Development, Delft University of Technology, The Netherlands**

Dr. Spaans works as a senior researcher in the field of urban governance and area development. Much of her research focuses on urban planning and the instruments needed for spatial planning at various levels of scale. One aspect of her research involves finding practical ways to climate-proof cities. Her work often has an international comparative dimension and she carries out both academic and contract research. She has conducted research on behalf of the government and the market, including several ministries, provinces, municipalities, and project developers. She is a board member of the Delft Environment Initiative, whose purpose is to bring together the knowledge, academics, and facilities of Delft University of Technology as a combined expert partner for companies and government agencies.

**Robert Stavins, Albert Pratt Professor of Business and Government; Environment and Natural Resources Program; Belfer Center for Science and International Affairs, Harvard Kennedy School of Government, USA**

Dr. Stavins has examined diverse areas of environmental economics and policy, including market-based policy instruments; regulatory impact analysis; innovation and diffusion of pollution-control technologies; environmental benefit valuation; policy instrument choice under uncertainty; competitiveness effects of regulation; depletion of forested wetlands; political economy of policy instrument choice; and costs of carbon sequestration. Professor Stavins directed Project 88, a bi-partisan effort co-chaired by former Senator Timothy Wirth and the late Senator John Heinz, to develop innovative approaches to environmental and resource problems. He continues to work closely with public officials on matters of national and international environmental policy.

**Marcel Stive, Professor, Hydraulic Engineering; Chair, Coastal Engineering; Department Head, Hydraulic Engineering, Faculty of Civil Engineering and Geosciences, Delft University of Technology, The Netherlands**

Dr. Stive is a specialist in coastal engineering. His work includes managing the risks of climate change and rising sea levels. His notable activities includes two major research projects that address coastal erosion: the Nearshore Monitoring and Modelling: Interscale coastal behaviour (NEMO); and NatureCoast. The latter involves the Sand Engine (Zandmotor), and is an interdisciplinary project of six universities. Professor Stive came up with the idea of the Sand Engine, a massive mound of sprayed sand (21 million cubic meters), in order to create a peninsula off the coast at Kijkduin-Ter Heijde. It has been working as expected and has provided the coast with a protective sand barrier, although this experimental project continues to be refined. In 2011, he received a European ERC Advanced Grant that has enabled him to continue his research into the operation of the Sand Engine. Dr. Stive has also been recognized for his pioneering work in the field of mathematical calculations on how currents and waves work.

**Stephen Sweeney, Professor of Physics; Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council (EPSRC) Leadership Fellow; Head of Photonics Group, University of Surrey, UK**

Among the topics researched by Dr. Sweeney are semiconductor lasers for temperature insensitive operation (quantum dots, dilute-nitrides etc); widely tunable lasers; vertical cavity surface emitting lasers and LEDs for plastic fiber systems; semiconductor lasers for optical pumping (EDFA, Raman) and printing and data storage applications; and photonic devices used to sense chemical and biological samples (liquids and gases). One possible benefit to come from Professor Sweeney's laser research is space-based solar energy that can be beamed directly to earth.

**Nickolas Themelis, Director, Earth Engineering Center; Stanley-Thompson Professor Emeritus, Earth and Environmental Engineering, Columbia University, USA**

Dr. Themelis is founder and Chairman of the Waste-to-Energy Research and Technology Council (WTERT), an international consortium of universities, companies, and governmental organizations concerned with the recovery of materials and energy from industrial and municipal wastes by means of recycling, anaerobic digestion, composting, WTE, and landfill gas capture and utilization.

WTERT has sister organizations in China, Greece, Canada, and Germany. The mission of WTERT and its parent organization, the Earth Engineering Center of Columbia University, is to promote the design and advancement of sustainable methods for material and energy recovery from used products.

**Eric Toone, Vice Provost and Director, Duke Innovation and Entrepreneurship Initiative; Anne T. and Robert M. Bass Professor of Chemistry and Professor of Biochemistry; Director of the Small Molecule Synthesis Facility (SMSF), Duke University, USA**

Dr. Toone has contributed significantly to the diverse fields of energy, medicine, and pharmaceuticals. From 2009 to 2012, he worked at the U.S. Department of Energy, where he was a founding member of the Advanced Research Projects Agency—Energy (ARPA-E). During that time, he served both as program director and as deputy director for technology. He devised and implemented ARPA-E’s Electrofuels program, which explores the use of non-photosynthetic autotrophic organisms for the production of energy-dense, infrastructure-compatible liquid fuels. Dr. Toone is currently the leader of the Duke Innovation and Entrepreneurship Initiative.

**Jonathan Trent, Bioengineering Scientist, Ames Research Center, NASA; Adjunct Professor in the Dept. of Biomolecular Engineering at the University of California at Santa Cruz, USA**

Dr. Trent’s recent research and inventions are focused on methods for obtaining alternative fuels, processing municipal wastewater, and economically producing fresh water by desalination. One of his current projects is to develop a solar-powered system to grow algae for biofuel by cleansing wastewater and trapping carbon dioxide in the process. He works at NASA’s nanotechnology department where he builds microscopic devices out of proteins from extremophiles, a type of bacteria that live in the world’s harshest environments. The technology of “Offshore Membrane Enclosure for Growing Algae” (OMEGA) aims at re-using wastewater that coastal cities currently pipe out and dispose of into the seas. Fueled by the sun and carbon dioxide from the atmosphere, the algae eat the waste and produce oils that can be converted to fuel. Unlike some alternative fuel processes, such as growing corn for ethanol, OMEGA doesn’t threaten the world’s food supply. Trent and the team at the Global Research into Energy and the Environment at NASA (GREEN) are developing systems for producing a sustainable, carbon-neutral feedstock for the biofuels of the future.

**Kazuhiro Ueta, Professor of Public Finance, School of Economics, Kyoto University, Japan**

Dr. Ueta's fields of specialization are public finance and environmental economics. For over 30 years, he has advocated for a sustainable society, a goal that has only recently become a global aspiration. One of his main pursuits is to identify how to break away from the idea that there is a trade-off between economic growth and sustainable development. One solution is in pursuing economic growth through technological innovations that use fewer resources to develop cleaner production, zero emissions, and inverse manufacturing. Professor Ueta believes that the newer field of environmental economics can help construct public policy that overcomes the trade-off between the environmental conservation and economic growth. He also emphasizes the need for dialogue that addresses the present global situation while it embraces "third parties," such as future generations and other forms of life. He has published many articles and books including *CDM and Sustainable Development in China: Japanese Perspectives*, and co-edited with Yukio Adachi the 2014 book, *Transition Management for Sustainable Development (Multilevel Environmental Governance for Sustainable Development)*.

**Madeleine van Oppen, Australian Research Council Future Fellow; Senior Principal Research Scientist in the "A Healthy and Resilient Great Barrier Reef (GBR)" Program, Australian Institute of Marine Science, Australia**

Dr. van Oppen's work focuses mainly on microbial symbioses in corals, coral bleaching, adaptation, the acclimatization of corals to climate change, and the connectivity of coral reefs. She conducts her research in laboratory and field studies and combines ecological, population, and functional genetics and genomics with the study of organismal physiology, ecology, and morphology. Another major area of research of Dr. van Oppen's involves assessing the feasibility of manipulating genes to enhance the stress tolerance and fitness of corals in a changing environment. She is a co-winner of the 2013 Paul G. Allen Ocean Challenge, along with Dr. Ruth Gates of the Hawai'i Institute of Marine Biology, for the pair's idea to increase the resilience of critical and highly vulnerable coral reef ecosystems.

**Judi Wakhungu, Cabinet Secretary, Environment, Water and Natural Resources in the Government of Kenya; former Executive Director, African Centre for Technology Studies, Kenya**

In her current position as a cabinet secretary, Dr. Wakhungu is spearheading programs in sustainable development and improved water quality and wastewater treatment. Her duties also include working with groups on the current forest and national wetlands conservation and management policies. Her research interests include science, technology, and innovation; agriculture and food security; biodiversity and natural resource management; energy and water security; and gender issues in science and technology. She also advises world leaders on how to tackle global climate change and food scarcity. Dr. Wakhungu previously served as the executive director of the African Centre for Technology Studies (ACTS) in Nairobi, Kenya, a Nairobi-based international intergovernmental science, technology, and environmental policy think-tank that generates and disseminates new knowledge through policy analysis, capacity building, and outreach. She was the first woman geologist in the Ministry of Energy and Regional Development, where her duties entailed exploring for geothermal energy in Kenya's Rift Valley. She was also the first female faculty member in the Department of Geology at the University of Nairobi.

**Michael Webber, Deputy Director of the Energy Institute; Josey Centennial Fellow in Energy Resources; Co-Director of the Clean Energy Incubator at the Austin Technology Incubator; and Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering at the University of Texas at Austin, USA**

Dr. Webber leads the Webber Energy Group, which analyzes energy and environmental problems at the intersection of engineering, science, and public policy. The group's four broad categories of research are the energy-water nexus; energy systems modeling; alternative transportation fuels; and the nexus of food, waste, and energy. Dr. Webber also has a syndicated television special, *Energy at the Movies*, which is telecast on PBS. The special bridges the gap between academic discourse and popular culture by synthesizing expert analysis of Hollywood films into digestible lessons on the science and history of energy. Government agencies such as the Department of Energy and nongovernmental organizations such as UNESCO have featured Dr. Webber's research in their policy-making decisions. His capstone class "Energy Technology and Policy" is scheduled for distribution as a Massive Open Online Course (MOOC), titled "Energy 101," and which has a global scope that fits with his motto of "changing the way America thinks about energy."

**Olaf Weber, Associate Professor; Export Development Canada Chair in Environmental Finance; Program Director, Master's Program in Sustainability Management, University of Waterloo, Canada**

Dr. Weber's research and teaching interest is in the area of environmental and sustainable finance, with a focus on sustainable credit risk management; socially responsible investment; social banking; and the link between sustainability and financial performance of enterprises. His current projects include studies on integrating reputation-risk indicators into credit-risk assessment procedures; the relation between banks' sustainability performance and their financial performance; sustainability reporting of Chinese companies; and measuring the impact of microfinance, social banking, and impact investing. The Sustainability Management Program, which he directs, takes an interdisciplinary, research-based approach in which economic, social, environmental, and development issues are taken into account equally. The program's goal is to contribute to the creation of academic knowledge for methods, systems, concepts, and tools for careers in sustainability management such as academia, public policy, and business analytics. In addition to directing the program, Dr. Weber will continue teaching about and researching sustainable finance while holding in mind the question, "What is the sustainability case for banks, insurances, and institutional investors?"

**\*Patricia Widener, Associate Professor, Florida Atlantic University, USA**

Patricia Widener studies the political economy of the environment and the community responses to the social, economic, and environmental impacts of oil disasters and natural resource extractions. Her recent work, *Oil Injustice*, examines how oil-impacted communities and their transnational allies mobilized in response to the construction of an oil project in Ecuador. Currently, she is developing research projects on climate change and food-system justice in South Florida. She has conducted research in Alaska, Ecuador, Florida, and the Philippines. ***Learn more about Dr. Widener's work on page 66.***

**Brian Willis, Associate Professor, Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering, School of Engineering, University of Connecticut, USA**

Dr. Willis's current research includes the study of epitaxial oxides on semiconductors; scanning tunneling microscopy investigations of organic/semiconductor interfaces; tunneling spectroscopy for molecular electronics and nano-sensors; and nanoscale investigations of electrocatalysis. Willis has developed a fabrication technique called *selective area atomic-layer deposition*,

which makes it possible to coat the electrodes with layers of individual copper atoms until they are separated by just 1.5 nanometers. This could provide the breakthrough technology scientists have been looking for in order to make vast improvements to today's solar energy systems. One goal of the research on tunneling spectroscopy for molecular electronics and nano-sensors is to gain knowledge that will enable scientists to engineer selective interactions between molecules for mimicking the biological sense of smell. In addition, using different electrode materials will allow the researchers to investigate surface reactions of interest to a broad spectrum of surface-science applications in areas such as catalysis and solar energy research.